

Company: Sol Infotech Pvt. Ltd.

Website: www.courtkutchehry.com

Madhya Pradesh Money Lenders Act, 1934

013 of 1934

CONTENTS

- 1. Short title, extent and commencement
- 2. Definitions
- 3 . <u>Maintenance of accounts by money-lender and supply of</u> statements thereof to debtors
- 4. Evidential value of copies of accounts
- 5. Debtors not bound to admit correctness of accounts supplied
- 6. Receipt for repayment of loan
- 7. Procedure of court in suits regarding loans
- 8. Savings
- 9. Power of court to limit interest recoverable in certain cases
- 10. Power of court to limit interest to the extent of principal of loan
- 11. Power to direct payment of decretal amount by instalments
- 12. Power to make rules
- 13. Inapplicability of Act to properties
- 14. Inapplicability of Act to certain Corporations

Madhya Pradesh Money Lenders Act, 1934

013 of 1934

And as amended in present Madhya Pradesh by the following:-- I. M.P. Act 23 of 1958; 2. M.P. Act 22 of 1960; 3. M.P. Act 40 of 1965; 4. M.P. Act 5 of 1975; 5. M.P. Act 30 of 1982; 6. M.P. Act 43 of 1.984; and 7. M.P. Act 13 of 2001 (w.e.f. 20.4.2001). An Act to regulate the transactions of money-lending in Madhya Pradesh. Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for the regulation and control of the transactions of money-lending; And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor-General, required under subsection (3) of Section 80-A of the Government of India Act, has been obtained to the passing of this Act; It is hereby enacted as follows:-

1. Short title, extent and commencement :-

- (1) This Act may be called the 1[Madhya Pradesh] Money-Lenders Act, 1934.
- (2) 2[It extends to and shall be in force in the whole Madhya

Pradesh.]

- 1. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 23of 1958.
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 23 of 1958.

2. Definitions :-

In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context--

- (i) "bank" means company carrying on the business of banking and registered under any of the enactments relating to companies for the time being in force in the United Kingdom or in any of the Colonies or Dependencies thereof, or in a part A State or a Part C State or incorporated by an Act of Parliament of the United Kingdom or by Royal Charter or Letters Patent or by any Central Act.
- (ii) "company" means a company registered under any of the enactments relating to companies for the time being in force in the United Kingdom or any of the Colonies or Dependencies thereof, or in a Part A State or a Part C State, or incorporated by an Act or Parliament of the United Kingdom or by Royal Charter or Letters Patent and includes Life Assurance Companies to which the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912 1[VI of 1912], applies;
- (iii) "co-operative society" means a society registered under the Cooperative Societies Act, 1912 2[(II of 1912)].
- (iv) "court" includes a court acting in the exercise of insolvency jurisdiction;
- (v) "money-lender" means a person who, in the regular course of business, advances a loan as defined in this Act and shall include, subject to the provisions of section 3, the legal representatives and the successors in interest whether by inheritance, assignment or otherwise of the person who advanced the loan and money-lending shall be construed accordingly.
- (vi) "interest" includes the return to be made over and above what was actually lent whether the same is charged or sought to be recovered specifically by way of interest or otherwise, whether or not such interest is capitalized within twelve years from the date of the last transaction;
- (vii) "loan" 3[means an actual advance made within twelve years from the date of the last transaction] whether of money or in kind at interest and shall include any transaction, which the court finds to be in substance a loan, but it shall not include--
- (a) a deposit of money or other property in a Government post

- office, bank or any other bank or in a company or with a cooperative society,
- (b) a loan to or by or a deposit with any society, or association registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, (XXI of 1860) or under any other enactment,
- (c) a loan advanced by any Government or by any local authority authorized by any Government,
- (d) a loan advanced by a bank, a co-operative society or a company whose accounts are subject to audit by a certificated auditor under the Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913),
- (e) an advance made on the basis of a negotiable instrument, as defined in the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (XXVIof 1881), other than a promissory note,
- (f) a transaction which is a charge created by operation of law on, or is in substance a sale of, immovable property,
- (g) a loan advanced to an agricultural labourer by his employer.
- (viii) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- 4[(viii-a) "Sub-Divisional Officer" means the Sub-Divisional Officer within the meaning of section 22 of the Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code, 1959 (No. 20 of 1959);
- 5[(ix) "Tahsildar" means a Tahsildar appointed under sub-section (1) of section 19 of the Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code, 1959 (No. 20 of 1959].
- 6[(ix) "Registering Authority" means in rural area, Zila Panchayat or Janpad Panchayat or Gram Panchayat constituted under the Madhya Pradesh Panchayat Raj Adhiniyam, 1993 (1 of 1994) for their respective Panchayat Areas and in Urban areas, Municipal Corporation constituted under the Madhya Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1956 (No. 23 of 1956) or Municipal Council or Nagar Panchayat constituted under the Madhya Pradesh Municipalities Act, 1961 (No. 37 of 1961) as the case may be, for their respective areas.]
- 1. Now See policy Adhinyam 1938 (IV of 1938)
- 2. Now See Co-operative Socity Adhiniyam 1960 (17 of 1968)
- 3. Substituted by C.P. and Barar Adhiniyam 18 of 1939.
- 4. Substitutede by M.P. Adhiniyam 30 of 1982.
- 5. Only apply in G.C.
- 6. Substituted by M.P. money Landers Act 2000 (13 of 2001)
- 1[2-A. Money-lender to deliver voucher to the debtor containing description of loan, etc.-
- (1) Every money-lender shall, on advancing a loan to a debtor forthwith deliver to the debtor a voucher under his signature

evidencing the transaction of loan.

- (2) Such voucher shall contain,--
- (a) amount or, as the case may be, the quantity of loan advanced;
- (b) sufficient description of movable or immovable property pledged or mortgaged, as the case may be, so as to enable identification of property;
- (c) the rate of interest chargeable on the loan advanced;
- (d) where movable property is being pledged, acknowledgment of the delivery of such movable property by the debtor and receipt thereof by the money-lender; and
- (e) such other particulars as may be prescribed.
- (3) The money-lender shall also forward a copy of the voucher delivered to the debtor under section (1) to the 2[Sub-Divisional Officer] concerned within such time as may be prescribed.]
- 1. Inserted by M.P. Adhiniyam 30 of 1982.
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 43 of 1984.

3. Maintenance of accounts by money-lender and supply of statements thereof to debtors:

- (1) Every money-lender shall--
- (a) regularly maintain an account for each debtor separately of all transactions in respect of any loan advanced to that debtor;
- (b) furnish such debtor every year with a legible statement of accounts signed by the money-lender or his agent or any balance of amount that may be outstanding against such debtor on such date and in such areas as may be prescribed. Such statement of accounts shall include all transactions in respect of the loan entered into during the year to which the statement relates and shall be furnished, in the court language of the district in which the debtor resides, and in such manner, in such form, containing such details and on such date as may be prescribed.
- 1[(c) furnish to the 2[Sub-Divisional Officer] concerned a copy of every statement of account furnished to a debtor under clause (b).]
- (2) The account required under clause (a) of sub-section (1) shall be so maintained that items due by way of interest shall be shown as separate and distinct from the principal sum and separate totals of principal and interest shall be shown. The money-lender shall not, in the absence of agreement, include the interest or any portion of it in the principal sum, and the principal and interest shall be separately shown in the opening balance of each new annual account:

Provided that--

- (i) if the loan has, since it was originally advanced, passed by inheritance or assignment to a widow or a minor, such widow or minor shall not be bound to maintain and furnish the account under sub-section (1) for a period of two years from the date of such passing;
- (ii) nothing in this section shall be deemed to lay upon any person the duty of maintaining and furnishing the account under subsection (1) in the case of a loan wherein the title to recover is sub-judice between two or more persons claiming as moneylenders adversely to each other unless and until the title has been finally decided by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 1. Inserted by M.P. Adhiniyam 30 of 1982.
- 2. Inserted by M.P. Adhiniyam 43 of 1984.

4. Evidential value of copies of accounts :-

Copies of entries in the account required to be maintained under clause (a) of sub- section (1) of section 3, when certified in such manner as may be prescribed, shall be admissible in evidence for any purpose in the same manner and to the same extent as the original entries.

<u>5.</u> Debtors not bound to admit correctness of accounts supplied :-

A debtor to whom a statement of accounts has been furnished under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 shall not be bound to acknowledge or deny its correctness and his failure to protest shall not by itself be deemed to be an admission of the correctness of the account.

6. Receipt for repayment of loan :-

Every money-lender, who receives repayment from his debtor on account of any loan advanced to him, shall forthwith give a receipt therefor.

7. Procedure of court in suits regarding loans :-

Notwithstanding anything contained in any other enactment for the time being in force, in any suit or proceeding relating to a loan--

(a) the court shall, before deciding the claim on the merits, frame and decide the issue whether the money-lender has complied with the provisions of clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3; (b) if the court finds that the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 3 or of section 6 have not been complied with by the moneylender, it shall, if the plaintiffs claim is established in whole or in part, disallow the whole or any portion of the interest found due, as may seem reasonable to it in the circumstances of the case, and may disallow costs; and

(c) if the court finds that the provisions of clause (b) of sub- section (1) of section 3 have not been complied with by the money- lender, it shall, in computing the amount of interest due upon the loan, exclude every period for which the money-lender omitted duly to furnish the account as required by that clause:

Provided that if the money-lender has, after the time prescribed in that clause, furnished the account and the plaintiff satisfies the court that he had sufficient cause for not furnishing it earlier, the court may, notwithstanding such omission, include any such period or periods for the purpose of computing the interest.

Explanation.-A money-lender who has maintained his account and furnished his annual statement of accounts in the prescribed form and manner shall be held to have complied with the provisions of clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 inspite of any errors and omissions, if the court finds that such errors and omissions are accidental and not material and that the accounts have been kept in good-faith with the intention of complying with the provisions of those clauses.

8. Savings:

The provisions of sections 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 shall not apply to any loan made before this Act comes into force:

Provided that, if any fresh transaction in respect of a loan made before this Act comes into force is made after this Act comes into force, such transaction shall be subject to the provisions of those sections.

9. Power of court to limit interest recoverable in certain cases:-

Notwithstanding anything contained in any other enactment for the time being in force, no court 1[original or appellate] shall decree, in respect of any loan made before this Act comes into force, on account of arrears of interest, a sum greater than the principal of such loan $2[x \times x]$.

- 1. Inserted by C.P. Adhiniyam 24 of 1937.
- 2. Omitted by C.P. Adhiniyam 18 of 1939.

10. Power of court to limit interest to the extent of principal of loan :-

No court shall, in respect of any loan made after this Act comes into force, decree on account of arrears of interest a sum greater than the principal of the loan.

11. Power to direct payment of decretal amount by instalments:-

The court may, at any time on the application of a judgment-debtor, after notice to the decree holder, direct that the amount of any decree passed against him, whether before or after this Act comes into force, in respect of a loan shall be paid in such number of instalments and subject to such conditions on the dates fixed by it as, having regard to the circumstances of the judgment debtor and the amount of the decree, it considers fit. 1[During the pendency of an inquiry under this section, the court may order the stay of execution of the decree, subject to such conditions as it may impose. Such order shall be deemed to have been passed under section 47 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908)].

- 1. Inserted by C.P. Adhiniyam 19 of 1937.
- 1[11-A.] Register of moneylenders.-
- 2[(1) Every 3[Tahsildar] 4[Registering Authority] shall maintain a register of money lenders in such form as may be prescribed.]
- (2) Such register shall be deemed to be a public document within the meaning of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (1 of 1872), 5[xxx].
- 1. Substituted by C.P. and Barar Adhiniyam, 14 of 1940
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 43 of 1984.
- 3. Only apply in G.C.
- 4. Substituted by M.P. money leanders Act 2000(13 of 2001).
- 5. Omitted by M.P. Adhiniyam 23 of 1958.
- 1[11-B. Registration of moneylenders and registration certificate.-
- 2[(1) Every person who carries on or intends to carry on the business of money lending shall get himself registered by an application made to the Tahsildar of the tahsil of the district or any one of the districts in which he carries on or intends to carry on such business and, on such registration the Tahsildar shall grant a registration certificate to him in such form as may be prescribed:

Provided that no person being a firm or partner of a firm of

moneylenders shall be so registered except upon production before the Tahsildar of a certified copy of an entry showing such person as the firm or partner, as the case may be, made in the Register of Firm under section 59 of the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 (No. 9 of 1932)].

- (2) The application made under sub-section (1) shall be in writing and shall specify the district or districts in which the applicant carries on or intends to carry on the business of money-lending and such other particulars as may be prescribed.]
- 1. Only aply in G.C.
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 43 of 1984.
- 1[11-B. Registration of Money-Lenders and registration certificate.-
- (1) Every person who carries on or intends to carry on the business of money lending shall get himself registered by an application made to the Registering Authority of that area in which he carries on or intends to carry on such business and, on such registration the Registering Authority shall grant a registration certificate to him in such form as may be prescribed: Provided that no person being a firm or partner of a firm of moneylenders shall be so registered except upon production before the Registering Authority of a certified copy of an entry showing such person as the firm or partners, as the case may be, made in the register of firms under Section 59 of the Indian Partnership Act, 1932 (No. 9 of 1932):

Provided further that no registeration certificate shall be granted to carry on the business of money lending in the Scheduled Areas referred to in clause (1) of Article 244 of the Constitution.

- (2) The application made under sub-section (1) shall be in writing and shall specify the area in which the applicant carries on or intends to carry on the business of money-lending and such other particulars as may be prescribed.]
- 1. Substituted by M.P. money Lenders Act, 2000 (13 of 2001).
- 1[11-BB. Transfer of old records by Sub-Registrar to Tahsildars.-All the record held by Sub-Registrar prior to 29th September, 1984 shall stand transferred to the Tahsildar.]
- 1. Inserted by M.P. Adhiniyam, 43 of 1964.
- 1[11-BB. Transfer of old records by Tahsildar to Registering Authority.-

All the records held by Tahsildar prior to the commencement of the Madhya Pradesh Money Lenders (Amendment) Act, 2000 shall stand tranferred to the Zila Panchayat]

1. Substituted by M.P. money lenders Act 2000 (13 of 2001)

1[11-C. Registration fee.-

2[(1) The person who makes an application under section 11-B shall pay in the prescribed manner a registration fee at the rate of 3[fifty rupees] 4[one thousand rupees] per annum 5[in respect of each district in which he carries on or intends to carry on the business of money lending]:

Provided that the State Government may, by notification, exempt any class of persons from the payment of the registration fee either generally or for any specified area.]

- (2) A registration certificate may, at the request of the applicant therefor, be granted for a period of 3[one year or two years] 4[five years]].
- 1. Substituted by C.P. and Barar Adhiniyam, 9 of 1949.
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 43 of 1984.
- 3. Only apply in M.P.
- 4. Substituted by G.C. Money Lenders Act 2005 (7 of 2006) which Published on Page 60 by G.C. Gazette extra-ordinary Dated 25-01-06.
- 5. Omitted by M.P. money Lenders Act 2000 (13 of 2001).
- 1[11-D. District in which business is to be carried on.-

The registration certificate granted under section 11-B shall not entitle the holder thereof to carry on the business of money-lending in any district other than the district or districts for which such certificate has been granted.]

- 1. Only apply in G.C.
- 1[11-D. Area in which business is to be carried on.-

The registration certificate granted under Section 11-B shall not entitle the holder thereof to carry on the business of money-lending in any area other than that area for which such certificate has been granted.]

- 1. Substituted by M.P. money Lenders Act 200(13 of 2001).
- 11-E. Omitted.
- 1[11-F. Bar to carry on business without registration certificate.-
- (1) No person shall carry on the business of money-lending in any district unless he holds a valid registration certificate in respect of that district.
- 2[(2) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees or if she has previously been convicted of an offence under that sub- section, with line which may extend to five hundred rupees.]]
- 1. Only apply in G.C.
- 2. Subs. by M.P. Adhiniyam 40 of 1965.
- 1[11-F. Bar to carry on business without registration certificate.-

(1) No person shall carry on the business of money-lending in any area unless he holds a valid registration certificate in respect of that area:

Provided that the person who holds a valid registeration certificate shall not carry on the business of money lending in the area of a Gram Panchayat or shall not lend money to a member of a Gram Sabha if a resolution to that effect is duly passed by the Gram Sabha of such Gram Panchayat.

- (2) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1), in any other than the Sheduled Area, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees or, if he has previously been convicted of an offence under that sub-section, with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.
- (3) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) in any Sheduled Area, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with both.]
- 1. Substituted by M.P. money Lenders Act 2000 (13 of 2001)
- 1[11-FF. Penalty for contravention of provisions of section 2-A and section 3 (1)(c) of the Act.-

Whoever contravenes the provisions of section 2-A or clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to 2[two hundred rupees] 3[two thousand rupees], or if he has previously been convicted of an offence under section 2-A or clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3, as the case may be, with fine which may extend to 2[five hundred rupees] 3[five thousand rupees].]

- 1. Inserted by M.P. Adhiniyam 30 of 1982.
- 2. Only apply in G.C.
- 3. Substituted by M.P. Money Lenders Act 2000 (13 of 2001) only apply in M.P.
- 11-G. Composition of offences.-
- 2[(1) 3[The Sub-Divisional Officer] may accept from any person, who has committed an offence against subsection (1) of section 11-F or section 11-FF a sum of money not exceeding five hundred rupees by way of compensation for such offence,]
- 1[(1) The Sub-Divisional Officer may accept from any person who has committed an offence against subsection (1) of section 11-F in any area other than the Scheduled Area and committed an offence against Section 11 -FF in any area, a sum of money not exceeding five thousand rupees by way of compensation for such offence.]
- (2) On payment of such sum of money, no further proceedings shall

be taken against such person in respect of such offence, and if in custody he shall be discharged.

- 1. Substituted by M.P. Money Lenders Act 2000 (13 of 2001) only apply in M.P.
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 30 of 1982 (only apply G.C.)
- 3. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 43 of 1984.
- 11-H. Suit not to proceed without registration certificate, etc.-

No suit for the recovery of a loan advanced by a money-lender shall proceed in a civil court until the court is satisfied that he holds a valid registration certificate or that he is not required to have a registration certificate by reason of the fact that he does not carry on the business of money-lending1 [in any of the district of 2[Madhya Pradesh]] 3[in any area of Madhya Pradesh]:

Provided that this section shall not apply to a suit instituted before the 1st October, 1940.

- 1. Only apply in G.C.
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 23 of 1958.
- 3. Substituted by M.P. Money-Lenders Act 2000 (13 of 2001) only apply in M.P.
- 1[11-I. Continuance in force of registration certificates.-

Notwithstanding the expiry of the Central Provinces Money-lenders (Amendment) Act, 1936, (XIII of 1936), any registration certificate granted thereunder by a Sub-Registrar of a sub-district shall be deemed to have been granted in respect of the district in which the sub-district is situated and shall continue to be in force for the period for which it was granted.]

- 1. Only apply in G.C.
- 1[11-I. Continuance in force of registration certificates.-

Any registration certificate granted under this Act, prior to the commencement of the Madhya Pradesh Money Lenders (Amendment) Act, 2000 shall continue to be inforce for the period for which it was granted.]

- 1. Substituted by M.P. Money-Lenders Act 2000 (13 of 2001)
- 1[11-J. Interpretation of district.-

For the purposes of sub-section (2) of section 11-1 and 11-C, 11-D, 11-F and 11-I the term "district" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the Central Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1917 2[II of 1917)]. $3[x \times x]$

- 1. Only apply in G.C.
- 2. Now see in M.P.L.S, 1959 (20 of 1959)
- 3. Ommoited by M.P. Adhiniyam 23 of 1958

12. Power to make rules :-

- (1) All rules for which provision is made in this Act shall be made by the State Government and shall be consistent with this Act.
- (2) All rules shall be subject to the condition of previous publication.
- (3) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the State Government may make rules prescribing--
- 1[(a) (i) the other particulars to be stated in the voucher under Clause (e) of sub-section (2) of section 2-A;
- (ii) the time within which a copy of the voucher shall be forwarded to the 2[Sub-Divisional Officer] under sub-section (3) of section 2-A;]
- 3[(aa)] the manner and form which statement of accounts shall be furnished and the details to be given in such statement under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3;
- (b) the manner in which copies of entries in the account shall be certified under section 4;
- (c) the form under section 11-A;
- (d) the form of registration certificate under sub-section (1) of section 11-B;
- (f) the manner in which the Registration fee payable under section 11-C shall be paid;
- (ff) the manner in which refund shall be made; and
- (g) the grant of copies of registration certificates.
- 1. Inserted by M.P. Adhiniyam 3 of 1982
- 2. Substituted by M.P. Adhiniyam 43 of 1984.
- 3. Renumber by M.P. Adhiniyam 30 of 1982.

13. Inapplicability of Act to properties :-

This Act shall not apply to a proprietor who advance grain or money exclusively to any of his tenants for seed, land improvement or agricultural operations.

Explanation:- For the purpose of this section the word "improvement" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 (IX of 1883)

 $1[x \times x]$

1. Omitted by M.P. Adhiniyam 23 of 1958.

14. Inapplicability of Act to certain Corporations :-

- 1This Act shall not apply to-
- (i) the Industrial Development Bank of India constituted under the Industrial Development Bank of India Act, 1964 (No. 18 of 1964);
- (ii) the Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India registered under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956);
- (iii) the Life Insurance Corporation of India constituted under the Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956 (No. 31 of 1956);
- (iv) the Unit Trust of India constituted under the Unit Trust of India Act, 1963 (No. 15 of 1963);
- (v) the Industrial Finance Corporation of India constituted under the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 1948 (No. 42 of 1948); and]
- 2[(v-A) the International Finance Corporation Washington established under the agreement as defined in clause (a) of section 2 of the International Finance Corporation (Status, Immunities and Privileges) Act, 1958 (No. 42 of 1958); and]
- (vi) such other financing institution in the public sector which is,-
- (i) established by or under the Central or State Law for the time being in force; and
- (ii) controlled or managed by the State Government, as the State Government may, by notification, specify.]
- 1. Inserted by M.P. Adhiniyam, 5 of 1975.
- 2. Inserted by M.P Adhiniyam, 1984.